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Program for Overhead Photographic Reconnaissance of Cuba

- 1. The objectives and admonitions of the memorandum for the Executive Committee of the National Security Council have been noted by the United States Intelligence Board. Paragraph 3 below outlines a reasonable program for photo reconnaissance of Cuba. For the next thirty days this will require high level coverage of approximately targets once a week and surveillance of all Committee on Overhead Reconnaissance targets at least twice during the period. Two high level missions a day flown under predictable weather conditions can accomplish this. If bad weather precludes flying, missions whould be postponed and allowed to accumulate.
 - 2. Low level photography should be resorted to:
 - a. When high level photography reveals some ominous activity which requires larger scale photography;
 - b. When collateral reports suspicious activity which cannot be covered by high level photography. In this regard the admonitions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of Executive Committee's Guidance must be observed;

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When weather precludes high level coverage of a highest priority target for ten days.

In addition low level is needed against any unidentified installations where the activity is suspicious, information is not being obtained by other means and low level photography will provide the necessary answers. It should also be used to obtain technical intelligence on certain significant Soviet weapons systems.

- 3. Program for Achieving Objectives
- a. Upon receipt of indications that large freighters have reached a Cuban port, there is immediate need for BRASS KNOB coverage.

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to under the following circumstances:

- (1) BRASS KNOB or collateral clearly indicates that offensive weapons are being unloaded:
- (2) Inability to secure adequate
 BRASS KNOB coverage within 3 days of
 arrival of large hatch freighters in port.

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b. Selected military establishments
will require surveillance once a week in order to
note such changes as the arrival of new equipment
or redeployment of men and equipment.

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coverage will supplement

BRASS KNOB coverage only when the presence of offensive weapons is indicated or deployment activities suggest the possibility of a hostile move against Guantanamo.

c. Known installations the function of which is as yet unidentified and known areas made suspect because of collateral reporting, will be covered by BRASS KNOB about every 10 days. The objective of such coverage is to monitor any changes which might lead to positive identification of the installations.

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would be used to aid in positive identification at sucl time as we are confident it can help in this regard.

d. BRASS KNOB coverage of the Guantanamo
area is required on a weekly basis to keep track of
build-up or significant changes in deployment.
should not be used unless a threat which required instant

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exists or such equipment as a FROG,
requiring coverage of technical detail, is deployed there.

- BRASS KNOB coverage of secondary military objectives and the other targets listed in Annex c should be achieved approximately once every 14 days.
- f. At present in Cuba there are the most recent Soviet SA-2 missiles, cruise type coastal defensive missiles deployed elsewhere in the Soviet Bloc and the FROG infantry weapon.

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extremely valuable information on Soviet weapons systems which might be used against us elsewhere in the world. Coverage of these targets should be obtained as soon as possible and if other significant military items are identified their coverage should also be planned.